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IN THE CLAIMS

Please cancel claims 22-30 without prejudice. Please amend claims 1, 6

and 31 as follows:

1. (Currently Amended) A sterilization system for a medical product, comprising:
- a) a radiation source which is configured to emit a radiation dose sufficient to sterilize a medical product;
 - b) a calorimeter which is configured to be irradiated by said source with a dose of radiation equivalent to a sterilizing radiation dose for the medical product; and
 - c) a calorimeter controller for determining the radiation dosage given to the calorimeter from the difference between the temperature of the calorimeter before and after the irradiation of the calorimeter, the temperature difference being a function of the radiation dose received from the radiation source;

wherein the calorimeter controller controls the time interval between emitting a radiation dose from the radiation source and measuring the temperature of the calorimeter.

2. (Original) The sterilization system for a medical product of claim 1, further comprising a conveyor system which is configured to receive the medical product and the calorimeter and to convey the medical product and the calorimeter to the radiation source.

3. (Original) The sterilization system for a medical product of claim 1, wherein said controller comprises an automatic controller.

4. (Original) The sterilization system for a medical product of claim 3, wherein said automatic controller comprises a computer-controlled automatic controller.

5. (Original) A method for sterilizing a medical product, comprising:

providing a calorimeter control system and a validated thermistor calorimeter having a validated resistance-temperature calibration relationship and a validated temperature-dosage calibration relationship;

measuring an initial calorimeter temperature;

irradiating the calorimeter with a dose of radiation from a radiation source;

measuring a subsequent calorimeter temperature before significant heat loss has occurred;

determining the radiation dose using a calculated temperature difference between said initial temperature and subsequent temperature measurements, and using said resistance-temperature and said temperature-dosage calibration relationships;

repeating the preceding steps at an interval determined by said calorimeter controller;

irradiating said medical product with a dose of radiation from the radiation source; and

reporting said determined radiation dose.

6. (Currently Amended) A sterilization system for a medical product, comprising:
a controlled radiation source effective to provide a dose of radiation along a radiation path;
a calorimeter calorimetry controller configured to perform the steps of a radiation dosimetry control method; and
a calorimeter;
wherein the dosimetry control method comprises causing the radiation source to provide a dose of radiation and measuring the temperature of the calorimeter at an interval determined by the calorimeter controller based on the dose of radiation provided.

7. (Original) The sterilization system for a medical product of claim 6, further comprising a conveyor effective to convey said thermistor calorimeter through said radiation path within a short time.

8. (Original) The sterilization system for a medical product of claim 7, wherein said conveyor is effective to convey the thermistor calorimeter along a short, closed-loop route at a rate effective to convey the thermistor calorimeter from a starting position to an ending position within a short time.

9. (Original) The sterilization system for a medical product of claim 8, wherein said controlled radiation source comprises a high dose-rate source.

10. (Original) The sterilization system for a medical product of claim 9, wherein said high dose-rate radiation source is an electron radiation source effective to provide a dose of electron beam radiation.

5,806,929 *figs 8, 9*
11. (Original) A routine dosimetry method for determining and reporting a radiation dose for quality control of a radiation process, comprising:

A-131 cont.
providing a calorimeter control system and a validated thermistor
calorimeter having a validated resistance-temperature calibration relationship and a
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validated temperature-dosage calibration relationship;

measuring an initial calorimeter temperature;

irradiating the calorimeter with a dose of radiation from a radiation source;

measuring a subsequent calorimeter temperature before significant heat loss has occurred;

determining the radiation dose using a calculated temperature difference between said initial temperature and subsequent temperature measurements, and using said resistance-temperature and said temperature-dosage calibration relationships;

repeating the preceding steps at an interval determined by said calorimeter controller; and

reporting said radiation dose.

12. (Original) The method of claim 11, wherein the step of measuring a subsequent calorimeter temperature occurs within about 30 minutes after irradiating the calorimeter.

13. (Original) The method of claim 11, wherein the step of measuring a subsequent calorimeter temperature occurs within about 15 minutes after irradiating the calorimeter.

14. (Original) The method of claim 11, wherein the irradiating step comprises movement of the validated thermistor calorimeter from a starting position to an ending position by a conveyor along a route.

15. (Original) The method of claim 14, wherein said route is a short, closed-loop route and the thermistor calorimeter is conveyed along the route at a rate effective to convey the thermistor calorimeter from its starting position to its ending position within a short time.

16. (Original) The method of claim 15 wherein said short time comprises a time of less than about 30 minutes.

17. (Original) The method of claim 15 wherein said short time comprises a time of less than about 15 minutes.

18. (Original) The method of claim 11 wherein the radiation source comprises a high dose-rate radiation source.

19. (Original) The method of claim 11, where the radiation dose is between about 0.1 kGy to about 100 kGy.

20. (Original) The method of claim 11, where the radiation dose is between about 2 kGy to about 70 kGy.

21. (Original) The method of claim 11, where the radiation dose is between about 3 kGy to about 40 kGy.

22-30. (Canceled)

31. (Currently Amended) A system for routine dosimetry for quality control of a radiation process, comprising:

a controlled radiation source effective to provide a dose of radiation along a radiation path;

a calorimeter ~~calorimetry~~ controller configured to perform the steps of a radiation dosimetry control method; and

a calorimeter;

wherein the dosimetry control method comprises causing the radiation source to provide a dose of radiation and measuring the temperature of the calorimeter at an interval determined by the calorimeter controller based on the dose of radiation provided.

32. (Original) The system of claim 31, further comprising a conveyor effective to convey said thermistor calorimeter through said radiation path within a short time.

33. (Original) The system of claim 32, wherein said conveyor is effective to convey the thermistor calorimeter along a short, closed-loop route at a rate effective to convey the thermistor calorimeter from a starting position to an ending position within a short time.

34. (Original) The system of claim 31, wherein said controlled radiation source comprises a high dose-rate radiation source.

35. (Original) The system of claim 34, wherein said high dose-rate radiation source is an electron radiation source effective to provide a dose of electron beam radiation.

36. (Original) The system of claim 35, wherein the dose of electron beam radiation is between about 0.1 kGy to about 100 kGy.

37. (Original) The system of claim 35, wherein the dose of electron beam radiation is between about 2 kGy to about 70 kGy.

38. (Original) The system of claim 35, wherein the dose of electron beam radiation is between about 3 kGy to about 40 kGy.

39. (Original) The method of claim 11, wherein said calorimeter is a thermistor calorimeter and said measuring steps comprise a step of contacting said thermistor calorimeter with a resistance measuring device.
40. (Original) The system of claim 31, wherein said calorimeter is a thermistor calorimeter, and further comprising a movable robotic arm having a resistance measuring device effective to contact the thermistor calorimeter and to obtain a resistance measurement therefrom.
41. (Original) The system of claim 31, wherein the steps that said calorimeter controller is configured to perform comprise the steps of accepting for use only validated calorimeters, determining whether the target radiation dose from said controlled radiation source has been changed, maintaining said interval constant if said target radiation dose has not been changed, prompting a routine calorimeter dosimetry if said target radiation dose has been changed, and managing the printing of a process report.
42. (Original) A method for radiation processing of an item, comprising:
- providing a calorimeter control system and a validated thermistor calorimeter having a validated resistance-temperature calibration relationship and a validated temperature-dosage calibration relationship;
 - measuring an initial calorimeter temperature;
 - irradiating the calorimeter with a dose of radiation from a radiation source;

measuring a subsequent calorimeter temperature before significant heat loss has occurred;

determining the radiation dose using a calculated temperature difference between said initial temperature and subsequent temperature measurements, and using said resistance-temperature and said temperature-dosage calibration relationships;

repeating the preceding steps at an interval determined by said calorimeter controller;

irradiating said item with a dose of radiation from the radiation source; and reporting said determined radiation dose.

43. (Original) The system for routine dosimetry of claim 31, wherein said controller comprises an automatic controller.

44. (Original) The system of routine dosimetry of claim 43, wherein said automatic controller comprises a computer-controlled automatic controller.